

**RENMAI POINTS NAMES****Ren 1 HUI YIN 會陰 HUI YIN**

HUI 會 To come together, gather, meet; assemble, collect, do together, co-operate. A society, a guild, an organization, an association, an aggregate. A meeting-place. To understand, acquired ability. A little while, short space of time; occasion, opportune moment. To put figure together, calculate.

YIN 陰 Yin. The south of a river and the north of a hill. Shadow, shady; dark, cloudy; cold, inactivity, decline; weaken; mysterious; secret, out of sight; sexual organs; concealment. To overshadow. A hut for meditation near the tombs of the emperors. An ice-house.

**Ren 2 QU GU 曲骨 CH'Ü KU**

QU 曲 Bent (as opposed to zhi 直); accommodating; twisted; indirect, intricate, involved, irregular, crooked, deceitful. Curve, twist. A carpenter's square; an instrument for drawing curves. Retired. Musical tune, songs, air, plays.

GU 骨 Bone, skeletal structure, underlying structure, framework upon which something is constructed; anything hard enclosed in a soft covering (as ribs of an umbrella...).

**Ren 3 ZHONG JI 中極 CHUNG CHI**

ZHONG 中 The middle, midway, medium, middling. Among, within, in, inside, between. Chinese. To hit the centre, to attain; to be affected by.

JI 極 Ridgepole of a house; the utmost point, summit, zenith, apogee, pole, extremity; extreme, farthest, most, culminating; end-point toward which all tends. To reach the end of.

**Ren 4 GUAN YUAN 關元 KUAN YUAN**

GUAN 關 Bar of a gate, barrier, gate, gateway, custom, frontier pass; custom-house. Juncture, connection, relation; point of contact; key point, strategic pass, essential part of a mechanism, key juncture in a body (as joints, articulation). To connect, communicate to, implicate, involve, inform. Concerned with. To to bar, close, shut, fasten.

YUAN 元 The first, the head, the chief; the eldest, the principal; primal, foundational; premier, paramount, foremost. Beginning, primary, primordial, original. Good, large, great. The Mongol dynasty. A currency unit.

**Ren 5 SHIMEN 石 門 SHIH MEN**

SHI 石 Stone, rock; mineral; hard; petrified; barren.

DAN 斗 A measure (a liquid measure or a dry measure, a picul, a bushel)

MEN 門 A door, a gateway (with two leaves), a portal, an opening, an entrance, a duct. A family, a profession, a group, a sect, a school or party. A category, a section.

**Ren 6 QIHAI 氣 海 CH'I HAI**

QI 氣 Breath, vapour, air, steam. Weather; atmosphere. Manner, temper; feelings; influence, force, life-giving principle, vital fluid. ...

HAI 海 The sea, maritime; any expanse of water; extensive, vast, large; accumulation of things; marshes.

**Ren 7 YINJIAO 陰 交 YIN CHIAO**

YIN 陰 Yin. The south of a river and the north of a hill. Shadow, shady; dark, cloudy; cold, inactivity, decline; weaken; mysterious; secret, out of sight; sexual organs; concealment. To overshadow. A hut for meditation near the tombs of the emperors. An ice-house.

JIAO 交 To cross, interlock; unite, blend; exchange, barter, bargain. To communicate; to join, intertwine, interlace; engage (as in a battle). Friend, intercourse. To hand over, hand to; commit; deliver; pay. Together.

**Ren 8 SHENQUE 神 闕 SHEN CH'ÜEH**

SHEN 神 Spirits, gods; divine; supernatural, mysterious. Spiritual (as opp. to material). The soul, the mind. Genius. Inspiration. Force (of expression). ...

QUE 闕 The look-out tower above a gate, watchtower, guard-tower flanking city or palace gate, a city gate. An imperial palace. (:: que 缺): A hiatus, a deficiency, a fault; wanting, lacking, imperfect; to omit; to be reserved.

**Ren 9 SHUIFEN 水 分 SHUI FEN**

SHUI 水 Water, fluid; liquids. Flood, inundation. oedema.

FEN 分 To divide, share, separate, split, distinguish, differentiate. One tenth of an inch, of « acre » ... Apportion, parcel out. A part, a share. Function, duty, lot of life. Equinox.

**Ren 10 XIAWAN 下 腕 HSIA WAN**

XIA 下 Beneath, below, lower down, under. To descend, fall, decline, bring down; to send or put down; disparage. Inferior in quality; lower in rank or position. Second (or last) in a series.

WAN 腕 A duct in the body. Core of a boil.

**Ren 11 JIANLI 建 里 CHIEN LI**

JIAN 建 To establish, set up, install; appoint; set forth. To erect, found, build. To organise. To determine.

LI 里 A place of residence; a neighbourhood; a village, a hamlet. A lane, a street. The country. A measure of length, a unit of distance. To be sorrowful, melancholy.

**Ren 12 ZHONGWAN 中 腕 CHUNG WAN**

ZHONG 中 The middle, midway, medium, middling. Among, within, in, inside, between. Chinese. To hit the centre, to attain; to be affected by.

WAN 腕 A duct in the body. Core of a boil.

**Ren 13 SHANGWAN 上 腕 SHANG WAN**

Shang 上 Up, on top, above, on, upper, higher, supreme. Before, earlier in time, former; first in a sequence. To go up, ascend, get on; to go forward.

WAN 腕 A duct in the body. Core of a boil.

**Ren 14 JUQUE 巨 闕 CHÜ CH'ÜEH**

JU 巨 Great, gigantic, immense; very. Chief. A carpenter's square.

QUE 闕 The look-out tower above a gate, watchtower, guard-tower flanking city or palace gate, a city gate. An imperial palace. (:: que 缺): A hiatus, a deficiency, a fault; wanting, lacking, imperfect; to omit; to be reserved.

**Ren 15 JIUWEI 鳩尾 CHIU WEI**

JIU 鳩 Turtle-dove, pigeon (which is believed to hatch nine 九 young ones). To assemble, collect together, flock. stable; settle.

WEI 尾 A tail, tail-end. Rear, behind, end, extremity. Final, end. The stern. A promontory. To follow. A spit of land. One of the zodiacal constellation.

**Ren 16 ZHONGTING 中庭 CHUNG T'ING**

ZHONG 中 The middle, midway, medium, middling. Among, within, in, inside, between. Chinese. To hit the centre, to attain; to be affected by.

TING 庭 A hall; the audience-chamber; the main hall of residential compound; courtyard, in interior section of residential compound; the Court; the palace. A courtyard; a court of justice. To grow up straight.

**Ren 17 DANZHONG 臙中 TAN CHUNG**

DAN 臙 The part between the breasts; the middle of the thorax.

tan 壇 Altar, sacred stage, raised mound for performance of religious ritual, political ceremonies, ancestral sacrifice.

ZHONG 中 The middle, midway, medium, middling. Among, within, in, inside, between. Chinese. To hit the centre, to attain; to be affected by.

**Ren 18 YUTANG 玉堂 YÜ T'ANG**

YU 玉 Jade, nephrite, jadeite, gem, precious stone, fine ornamental tone, the gem par excellence. Valuable, having the beauty or luster of jade. Respectful epithet.

TANG 堂 A hall, reception room, main building for receptions, ceremony, religious or official business; chief meeting-room for public gathering; a school, a meeting-place; a court of justice. Venerable, grave, broad; large and lofty, massive and magnificent. An open level space on the hills, plateau. To build. An official title.

**Ren 19 ZIGONG 紫宮 TZU KUNG**

ZI 紫 Purple, dark red brown, dark reddish-blue. Associated emblematically with the monarch and his possessions. associated emblematically with the depths of heaven, astral divinities, cosmic wholeness ...

GONG 宮 Dwelling-place, habitation of a ruler, palace; the court. A shrine or temple. A college. First note (of the musical pentatonic scale) associated with the center, the ruler,....

Gong cheng 宮城 The imperial city, the forbidden city.

Gong que 宮闕 Gate of the palace; imperial palace.

Zi gong 子宮 Infant's palace: Uterus, womb.

Gong ting 宮庭 The imperial palace, the imperial court.

Zi gong 紫宮 Purple Palace: name of a constellation, seat of the Great One (Taiyi 太一) (see Ziwei 紫微). Imperial palace.

Zi wei 紫微 Purple Tenuity, name of constellation of 15 stars arranged like a protective screen around Northern Dipper and Polestar; seat of heaven's god-king; symbolic seat of earthly emperor.

**Ren 20 HUAGAI 華蓋 HUA KAI**

HUA 華 The blooming of plants, flowers, flowery, variegated; glory, splendour; beauty, elegance; luxurious, sumptuous. Ostentatious, ornate. China, Chinese (asa the ancient name of the people and land of the Central Plain of China). Name of a precious stone.

GAI 蓋 Thatch a roof, put on top; cover, hide, conceal; a cover, canopy, baldachin, parasol, umbrella, lid. To protect, shield. To overtop, overshadow, dominate. To uphold, venerate.

**Ren 21 XUANJI 璇璣 HSÜAN CHI**

XUAN 璇 A fine kind of jade, jadestone. A revolving or swiveling jade, jade-cog.

JI 璣 A pearl not quite globular. A large mirror. The gear of a rotating, astronomical instrument (armillary sphere)

xuánjī 璇璣 "Jade-cog and Armil," the four stars of the bowl of the Dipper; also, an ancient astronomical device, supposedly made at behest of the sage-king Shun 舜, reputedly the swivelling mechanism of an armillary sphere; also, "turning sphere," the constellations of heaven.

**Ren 22 TIAN TU 天突 T' IEN T' U**

TIAN 天 Heaven; sky; celestial; natural; nature as the natural world

TU 突 To burst forth, break through, rush out, charge against; offend. Abruptly, suddenly. To stand out, protrude, emerge, excavate, burrow; a tunnel, underground passage. A smoke-hole, chimney; smooth.

**Ren 23 LIANQUAN 廉泉 LIEN CH'ÜAN**

LIAN 廉 A corner, a side-portion of a large room, angular, sharp; scrutinize, examine. Pure, blameless; probity, integrity, grave reserve; incorrupt, disinterested, honest; modest. Inexpensive, low-priced. To examine, to investigate, to search out.

QUAN 泉 A fountain, a spring of water. Coins, money, wealth.

**Ren 24 CHENGJIANG 承漿 CH'ENG CHIANG**

CHENG 承 To receive (from above), inherit; to hold, take charge; support. To contract for, undertake. To continue, carry on. To confess, acknowledge.

JIANG 漿 Any thick fluid. Broth, congee, rice-water, starch. Pus.